# THE LONDON POTTERS GUILD FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JULY 31, 2020



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# **JULY 31, 2020**

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors of: The London Potters Guild

# **Qualified Opinion**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of The London Potters Guild, which comprise of the statement of financial position as at July 31, 2020, the statements of operations, changes in accumulated net assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion, except for the possible effects of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion paragraph, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of The London Potters Guild as at July 31, 2020, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year ended July 31, 2020 in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

#### **Basis for Qualified Opinion**

In common with many not-for-profit organizations, the organization derives revenue from donations and fundraising activity, the completeness of which is not susceptible to satisfactory audit verification. Accordingly, our verification of donation and fundraising revenues, in the fiscal year ending July 31, 2020 and the fiscal year ending July 31, 2019 was limited to the amounts recorded in the records of the organization. Accordingly, we are unable to determine whether any adjustments for unrecorded amounts might be necessary to revenues, excess of deficiency of revenues over expenditures and net assets.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.



# Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the company's financial reporting process.

# **Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on Davis Martindale LLP's website. This description forms part of our auditor's report. https://www.davismartindale.com/auditors\_report.

London, Ontario December 1, 2020 Chartered Professional Accountants Licensed Public Accountants

Davis Martindale LLP



# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

# **AS AT JULY 31, 2020**

# **ASSETS**

	2020	2019
Current Assets		
Cash	\$ 226,907	\$ 208,042
Accounts receivable	14,060	8,457
Prepaid expenses	3,338	1,800
•	244,305	218,299
Tangible Capital Assets (note 3)	1,226,696	1,288,510
	\$ 1,471,001	\$ 1,506,809
LIABILITIES AND NET	ASSETS	
Current Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 32,761	\$ 33,337
Government remittances payable	4,571	5,024
Deferred revenue (note 5)	65,345	72,657
Current portion of long-term debt (note 6)	13,682	13,929
	116,359	124,947
Long-Term Liabilities		
Long-term debt (note 6)	171,079	140,683
Deferred contributions related to tangible capital		
assets (note 7)	836,800	886,930
	1,124,238	1,152,560
Net Assets	40.040	56.410
General fund	48,049	56,419
Invested in tangible capital assets (note 8)	263,314	266,030
Building fund	35,400	31,800
	346,763	354,249
	<u>\$ 1,471,001</u>	<u>\$ 1,506,809</u>

APPROVED ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

Director

Director



# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED JULY 31, 2020

		General Fund	Invested ir Tangible apital Ass	Building Fund	2020 Total	2019 Total
Balance, Beginning of Year	\$	56,419	\$ 266,030	\$ 31,800	\$ 354,249	\$ 298,069
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenu over Expenditures	ies	4,198	(11,684)	-	(7,486)	56,180
Interfund Transfers (note 9)		(12,568)	 8,968	 3,600	 	 
Balance, End of Year	\$	48,049	\$ 263,314	\$ 35,400	\$ 346,763	\$ 354,249



# STATEMENT OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED JULY 31, 2020

	2020	%	2019	%
Revenues				
Product sales	\$ 119,649	25.97	\$ 209,397	28.53
Class instruction, workshops and programs	101,962	22.13	188,656	25.69
Ontario Trillium Foundation grant	36,070	7.83	121,334	16.53
Grants	44,258	9.61	67,286	9.16
Membership fees	54,254	11.78	57,945	7.89
Amortization of deferred contributions (note 7)	50,130	10.88	48,655	6.63
Ontario Arts Council grant	19,301	4.19	20,369	2.77
Studio space rental	9,347	2.03	11,034	1.50
Interest and miscellaneous	3,896	0.85	6,796	0.93
Fundraising and donations	21,776	4.73	2,744	0.37
	460,643	100.00	734,216	100.00
Expenditures				
Accounting and legal	10,952	2.38	12,647	1.72
Advertising	9,128	1.98	9,281	1.26
Amortization of tangible capital assets	61,814	13.42	63,468	8.64
Commissions	59,355	12.89	111,026	15.12
Consulting fees	6,595	1.43	1,999	0.27
Instructor fees	43,584	9.46	82,640	11.26
Insurance	9,884	2.15	8,879	1.21
Interest and bank charges	7,536	1.64	9,594	1.31
Interest on long-term debt	7,508	1.63	7,473	1.02
Janitorial	6,298	1.37	15,116	2.06
Mosaic	11	-	22,051	3.00
Office and general	17,021	3.70	30,317	4.13
Property tax	8,679	1.88	8,200	1.12
Repairs and maintenance	12,361	2.68	24,180	3.29
Supplies	27,700	6.01	37,746	5.14
Telephone and utilities	24,083	5.23	29,070	3.96
Wages (note 10)	155,620	33.78	204,349	27.83
	468,129	101.63	678,036	92.34
<b>Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over</b>				
	\$ (7,486)	(1.63)	\$ 56,180	7.66



# STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED JULY 31, 2020

	2020	2019
<b>Cash Flows from Operating Activities</b>		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures Items not requiring an outlay of cash:	\$ (7,486)	\$ 56,180
Amortization of tangible capital assets  Amortization of deferred contributions related to	61,814	63,468
tangible capital assets	 (50,130)	 (48,655)
	4,198	70,993
Changes in non-cash working capital items		
Accounts receivable	(5,603)	(1,880)
Prepaid expenses	(1,538)	(588)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(576)	(14,342)
Government remittances payable	(453)	1,950
Deferred revenue	 (7,312)	 (81,061)
	 (15,482)	 (95,921)
<b>Net Cash Used in Operating Activities</b>	(11,284)	(24,928)
Cash Flows from Financing Activities Increase (decrease) in long-term debt Increase in deferred contributions related to tangible	30,149	(15,253)
capital assets	 _	 53,134
<b>Net Cash Provided by Financing Activities</b>	30,149	37,881
Cash Flows from Investing Activities		
Purchase of tangible capital assets	 	 (107,771)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash	18,865	(94,818)
Cash, Beginning of the Year	 208,042	 302,860
Cash, End of the Year	\$ 226,907	\$ 208,042



#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JULY 31, 2020

# 1. Purpose of the Organization

The London Potters Guild is a not-for-profit organization with the intent to create and foster awareness and appreciation for pottery through community service and educational programs. The London Potters Guild is incorporated without share capital under the laws of the province of Ontario and is a registered charity under the Canadian Income Tax Act.

# 2. Significant Accounting Policies

# a) Basis of Preparation

These financial statements are prepared by management in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

# b) Tangible Capital Assets

Tangible capital assets are recorded at cost and amortization is recorded in the accounts as follows:

Building - 4% - declining balance method;

Kilns - 5 years - straight line method; and

Furniture and Equipment - 20% - declining balance method

# c) Impairment of Long-lived Assets

Long-lived assets are tested for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that their carrying value may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognized when the carrying value exceeds the total undiscounted cash flows expected from their use and eventual disposition. The amount of the impairment loss is determined as the excess of the carrying value of the asset over its fair value.



#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED JULY 31, 2020

# 2. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

# d) Fund Accounting

To ensure observance of limitations and restrictions placed on the use of the resources available to the organization, the accounts are maintained in accordance with the principles of Fund Accounting. Under these principles, resources for various purposes are classified for accounting and reporting purposes into funds that are in accordance with activities or objectives specified. Separate accounts are maintained for each fund.

#### General Fund

The General Fund of the organization records amounts used for the administrative and operational costs financed by private donations, fundraising events, bequests, memberships, accommodations, and investment revenues.

# Invested in Tangible Capital Assets Fund

The Invested in Tangible Capital Assets Fund accounts for monies received or internally designated for specific purposes other than operating programs. These funds will be fully expended for their intended purpose.

# Building Fund

The Building Fund represents internally restricted funds for the purpose of covering ongoing building maintenance expenditures.

# e) Revenue Recognition

The organization follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions. Restricted contributions are recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenditures are incurred. Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue when received or receivable if the amount can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured.

Class instruction, workshops and programs, and membership fees are recognized when the services have been provided and collection is reasonably assured.

Interest and rental income is recognized when it is earned

#### f) Contributed Materials and Services

Volunteers contribute many hours per year to assist the organization in carrying out its activities. Because of the difficulty in determining fair value, contributed services are not recognized in the financial statements.



#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED JULY 31, 2020

# 2. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

# g) Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements of the organization, in conformity with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of the revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### h) Financial Instruments

The organization's financial instruments consist of cash, accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, government remittances payable, and long-term debt. The organization initially recognizes these financial instruments at fair value and subsequently at amortized cost.

#### i) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash and short-term investments with maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

#### 3. Tangible Capital Assets

	Cost	Accumulate Amortizatio	2020 Net	2019 Net
Land	\$ 42,959	\$ -	\$ 42,959	\$ 42,959
Building	1,591,430	459,637	1,131,793	1,178,951
Kilns	36,197	23,503	12,694	17,537
Furniture and equipment	 94,098	 54,848	 39,250	 49,063
	\$ 1,764,684	\$ 537,988	\$ 1,226,696	\$ 1,288,510

The land and building are pledged as collateral for loans as detailed in note 4 and note 6.

# 4. Credit Facility

The organization has an approved line of credit for which there are no outstanding draws at year end. This credit facility has a limit of \$100,000 and bears interest at bank prime rate plus 5.45%.



#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JULY 31, 2020

#### 5. Deferred Revenue

Deferred revenue represents unspent funding received that has not yet been spent. The details of the deferred revenue balance are as follows:

2020

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		2020	2019
	Ontario Trillium Foundation London Arts Council	\$ 19,130 23,333	\$ 25,470 23,333
	Ontario Arts Council	19,301	19,301
	Deferred memberships	3,581	4,553
	1	\$ 65,345	\$ 72,657
6.	Long-term Debt	2020	2019
	0% municipal loan, repayable in monthly principal installments of \$302, due March 15, 2020.	\$ -	\$ 2,116
	0% municipal loan, repayable in monthly principal installments of \$219, due August 15, 2021.	3,509	5,263
	0% municipal loan, repayable in monthly principal installments of \$219, due September 15, 2023.	6,580	8,334
	5.50% first mortgage, repayable in weekly blended principal and interest installments of \$267, due December 8, 2023.	134,672	138,899
	0% Canada Emergency Business Account loan, due December 31, 2022.	 40,000	 
		184,761	154,612
	Less: current portion	 (13,682)	 (13,929)
		\$ 171,079	\$ 140,683

Land and building with a net book value of \$1,174,752 (2019 - \$1,221,910) has been pledged as security for the first mortgage and the 0% municipal loans.

Two of the municipal loans are forgivable at a maximum rate of 50% of payments made during the year.

25% of the Canada Emergency Business Account loan is forgiveable if repaid by December 31, 2022.



#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED JULY 31, 2020

# 6. Long-term Debt (continued)

The total long-term debt related to investment in tangible capital assets is \$144,761 (2019 - \$154,612).

The aggregate amount of principal payments required to meet retirement provision are as follows:

Year ending July 31, 2021	\$ 13,682
July 31, 2022	9,672
July 31, 2023	47,876
July 31, 2024	 113,531
•	\$ 184,761

# 7. Deferred Contributions Related to Tangible Capital Assets

Deferred contributions related to tangible capital assets represent restricted contributions used to fund building improvements and purchase new tangible capital assets. These contributions are being amortized into income on the same basis as the related tangible capital assets. The changes in the deferred contributions balance for the year are as follows:

	2020		2019
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 886,930		882,451
Less: amortization of deferred contributions Add: contributions received for capital purposes	 (50,130)		(48,655) 53,134
Balance, end of year	\$ 836,800	\$	886,930
Balance represented by: Unspent contributions Unamortized contributions	 18,179 818,621 836,800	\$ <u>\$</u>	18,179 868,751 886,930



#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED JULY 31, 2020

# 8. Investment in Tangible Capital Assets

	2020	2019
Cash	\$ 18,179	\$ 19,062
Tangible capital assets (note 3)	1,226,696	1,288,510
	1,244,875	1,307,572
Less amounts financed by:		
Long-term debt (note 6)	(144,761)	(154,612)
Deferred contributions (note 7)	(836,800)	(886,930)
Balance, end of year	\$ 263,314	\$ 266,030

#### 9. Interfund Transfers

During the year, there were transfers made by the general fund to the capital fund for expenditures in the amount of \$8,968 (2019 - \$72,408) and to the building fund in the amount of \$3,600 (2019 - \$3,600). These interfund transfers include tangible capital asset purchases, repayments of long term debt and internally restricted funds for the purpose of covering ongoing building maintenance expenditures.

#### 10. Government Assistance

The company qualified to receive Canadian Emergency Wage Subsidy in the current year, and claimed \$56,447 (2019 - \$NIL). The subsidy was recorded as a reduction in wages expense.

#### 11. Financial Instruments

The organization is exposed to various risks through its financial instruments. The following analysis provides a measure of the organization's risk exposure and concentrations at July 31, 2020.

#### Credit Risk

During the normal course of operations, the organization is exposed to credit risk in the event of non-performance by customers in connection with its accounts receivable. The organization mitigates this risk by monitoring customer accounts on a continual basis and by dealing with what management believes to be financially sound customers. Management does not anticipate significant loss for non-performance.

#### Interest Rate Risk

The organization's bank loan has a variable interest rate. Changes in the bank's prime lending rate can cause fluctuations in interest payments and cash flows. The organization does not use derivative financial instruments to alter the effects of this risk.



#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED JULY 31, 2020

#### 12. COVID-19

As at the year end, the COVID-19 pandemic has spread across London and is impacting local economic activity. This global pandemic poses the risk that the organization or its clients, employees, sales partners and suppliers may be unable to conduct regular business activities for an indefinite period of time. While it is not possible at this time to estimate the impact that COVID-19 could have on the organization's business, the continued spread of COVID-19 across Canada and the measures taken by the federal, provincial and municipal governments to contain its impact could adversely impact the organization's business, financial condition or results of operations. The extent to which the COVID-19 outbreak impacts the organization's results will depend on future developments that are highly uncertain and cannot be predicted, including new information that may emerge concerning the spread of the virus and government actions.

